



# **3C03 Concurrency: Concurrent Architectures - Supervisor-Worker**

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## ***Outline***

- ***Motivation***
- ***Linda Tuple Spaces***
- ***Modelling Tuple Spaces in FSP***
- ***Implementing Tuple Spaces in Java***
- ***Supervisor-Worker Model***
- ***Supervisor-Worker Java Implementation***



## Motivation

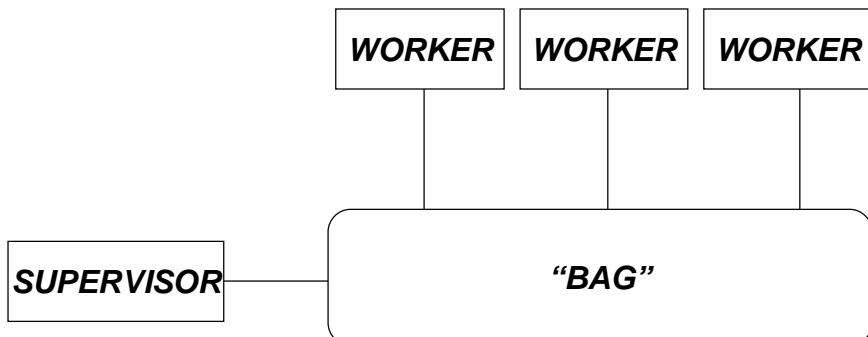
- ***Exploiting parallel execution on multiple processors***
- ***Communication between different processors by a connector called “bag”***
- ***Supervisor creates tasks and puts them into bag***
- ***Workers pick tasks from bag and perform them***
- ***Workers may themselves be supervisors***

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## Supervisor-Worker Architecture



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## Linda Tuple Spaces

- **Primitive for implementing “bag” connectors**
- **Tuple is a tagged data record**
- **Tuples are exchanged in tuple spaces using associative memory**
- **Available basic operations:**
  - `out("tag", expr1, ..., exprn)`
  - `in("tag", field1, ..., fieldn)`
  - `rd("tag", field1, ..., fieldn)`
  - `inp("tag", field1, ..., fieldn)`
  - `rdp("tag", field1, ..., fieldn)`

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## Tuple Space Model

```
const N=2
set Tuples={any}
const False = 0
const True = 1
range Bool = False..True
TUPLE(T='any') = TUPLE[0],
TUPLE[i:0..N]=(
    when (i<N) out[T] -> TUPLE[i+1]
    |when (i>0) in[T] -> TUPLE[i-1]
    |when (i>0) inp[True][T] -> TUPLE[i-1]
    |when (i==0)inp[False][T] -> TUPLE[i]
    |when (i>0) rd[T] -> TUPLE[i]
    |rdp[i>0][T] -> TUPLE[i]).
|| TUPLESPACE = forall [t:Tuples] TUPLE(t).
```

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## Tuple Space Java Implementation

```
public interface TupleSpace {  
    //deposits data in tuple space  
    public void out(String tag, Object data);  
    //extracts object with tag from tuple space  
    public Object in(String tag) throws  
        InterruptedException;  
    //reads object with tag from tuple space  
    public Object rd(String tag) throws  
        InterruptedException;  
    //extracts object if avail else return null  
    public Object inp(String tag);  
    //read object if avail else return null  
    public Object rdp(String tag);  
}
```

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## Supervisor-Worker Algorithm

- **Supervisor::**

```
forall tasks do out("task",...) end  
forall results: in("result",...) end  
out("stop")
```

- **Worker::**

```
while not rdp("stop") do  
    in("task",...)  
    compute result  
    out("result",...)  
end
```

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## Supervisor-Worker Model

```
const N = 2
set Tuples = {task,result,stop}
set TupleAlpha =
    {{in,out,rd,rdp[Bool],inp[Bool]}.Tuples}
SUPERVISOR = TASK[1],
TASK[i:1..N] = (out.task ->
    if i<N then TASK[i+1] else RESULT[1]),
RESULT[i:1..N]= (in.result ->
    if i<N then RESULT[i+1] else FINISH),
FINISH = (out.stop->end->STOP)+TupleAlpha.
WORKER = (rdp[b:Bool].stop ->
    if (!b) then (in.task->out.result->WORKER)
    else (end -> STOP))+TupleAlpha.
END = (end ->ENDED), ENDED = (ended->ENDED).
|| SUPERVISOR_WORKER=(supervisor:SUPERVISOR
  || {redWork,blueWork}:WORKER
  || {supervisor,redWork,blueWork}::TUPLESPACE
  END)/{end/{supervisor,redWork,blueWork}.end}.
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```

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## Analysis of Supervisor-Worker Model

### ■ Trace to DEADLOCK:

```
supervisor.out.task
supervisor.out.task
redWork.rdp.0.stop
redWork.in.task
redWork.out.result
supervisor.in.result
redWork.rdp.0.stop
redWork.in.task
redWork.out.result
supervisor.in.result
redWork.rdp.0.stop
supervisor.out.stop
```

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## Deadlock Free Algorithm

- **Supervisor::**

```
forall tasks:- out("task",...)  
forall results: in("result",...)  
out("stop")
```

- **Worker::**

```
while true do  
  in("task",...)  
  If value is stop then out("task",stop); exit  
  compute result  
  out("result",...)
```

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## Deadlock Free Model

```
set Tuples = {task,task.stop,result}  
SUPERVISOR = TASK[1],  
TASK[i:1..N] = (out.task ->  
  if i<N then TASK[i+1] else RESULT[1]),  
RESULT[i:1..N] = (in.result ->  
  if i<N then RESULT[i+1] else FINISH),  
FINISH=(out.task.stop->end->STOP)+TupleAlpha.  
WORKER=(in.task -> out.result -> WORKER  
  | in.task.stop->out.task.stop->end->STOP  
  )+ TupleAlpha.
```

progress={ended}

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## Supervisor-Worker Example

- Compute the area under a curve
- Approximate using rectangles
- Parallelize task by delegating computation of different rectangles to one of 4 workers
- Supervisor adds results computed by 4 workers

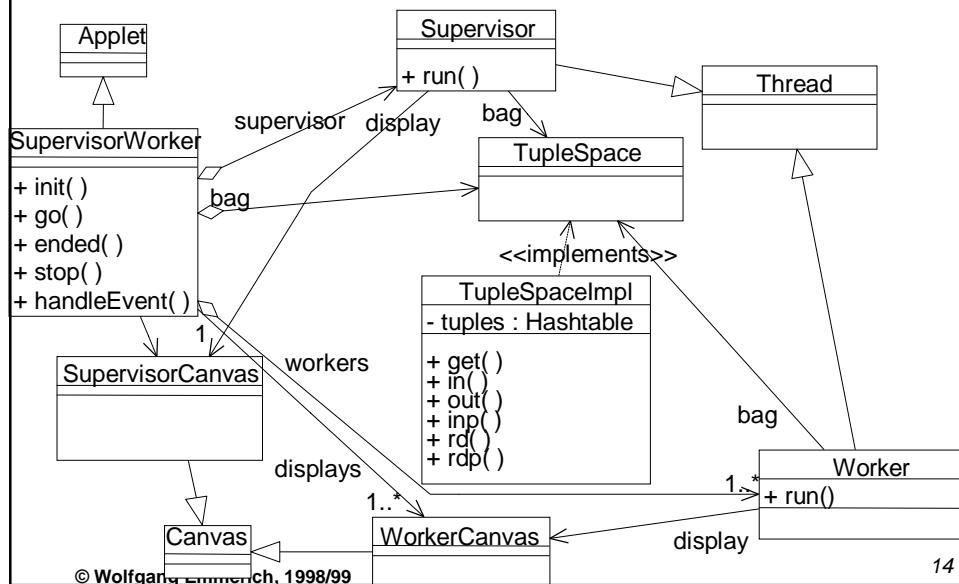
Demo

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## Supervisor-Worker Example Design



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## ***Summary***

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